AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

1-12. (Canceled)

13. (Currently Amended) A method for increasing binding of FKBP12.6 to RyR2 in a subject, or limiting a decrease in the level of RyR2-bound FKBP12.6 in a subject, comprising administering an effective amount of an agent to the subject, wherein the agent is described by the formula:

$$R_1$$
 R_2
 R_3
 R_3
 R_3
 R_3

wherein

R₁ = H, OR', SR', NR', alkyl, or halide, at position 2, 3, 4, or 5 on the phenyl ring;

R' = alkyl, aryl, or acyl;

 $R_2 = H$, alkyl, alkenyl, or aryl;

 $R_3 = H$, alkyl, alkenyl, or aryl;

R₄ = H, halide, alkenyl, carboxylic acid, or an alkyl containing halogen, O[[,]] or S[[,]] er

N; and

m = 0, 1, or 2.

- 14. (Canceled)
- 15. (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein the subject is a human.
- 16. (Canceled)

- 17. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 13, wherein the subject has a cardiac condition selected from the group consisting of cardiac arrhythmia, tachycardia, atrial arrhythmia, atrial tachyarrhythmia, atrial fibrillation, sustained atrial fibrillation, non-sustained atrial fibrillation, ventricular arrhythmia, ventricular fibrillation, ventricular tachycardia, sustained ventricular tachycardia, non-sustained ventricular tachycardia, catecholaminergic polymorphic ventricular tachycardia (CPVT), heart failure, sudden cardiac death and exercise-induced sudden cardiac death.
- 18. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 13, wherein the effective amount of the agent is one or more of:
 - (a) from about 5 mg/kg/day to about 20 mg/kg/day,
 - (b) an amount resulting in a plasma concentration of from about $0.02\mu M$ to about $1.0\mu M$ in the subject, or
 - (c) an amount resulting in a plasma concentration of from about 300 ng/ml to about 1000 ng/ml in the subject.
- 19.-24. (Canceled)
- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 13, wherein the agent is S7, S20, S27, or
 S36.
- 26. (Original) The method of claim 25, wherein the agent is S36.
- 27-28. (Canceled)
- 29. (Currently Amended) A method for reducing the risk of sudden cardiac death, sustained VT and non-sustained VT treating a cardiac condition in a subject, comprising administering an effective amount of an agent to the subject, wherein the agent is described by the formula:

$$R_1$$
 R_1
 R_2
 R_3
 R_3
 R_3

wherein

 $R_1 = H$, OR', SR', NR', alkyl, or halide, at position 2, 3, 4, or 5 on the phenyl ring;

R'= alkyl, aryl, or acyl;

R₂ = H, alkyl, alkenyl, or aryl;

R₃ = H, alkyl, alkenyl, or aryl:

 $R_4 = H, \ halide, \ alkenyl, \ carboxylic \ acid, \ or \ an \ alkyl \ containing \ halogen, \ O[[,]] \ \underline{or} \ S[[,]] \ \underline{or}$

N; and

m = 0, 1, or 2.

30. (Currently amended) The method of claim 29, wherein the eardiae agent is administered to a <u>subject that has or is at risk of developing</u> a condition is selected from the group consisting of cardiac arrhythmia, tachycardia, atrial arrhythmia, atrial tachyarrhythmia, atrial fibrillation, sustained atrial fibrillation, non-sustained atrial fibrillation, ventricular arrhythmia, ventricular tachycardia, sustained ventricular tachycardia, non-sustained ventricular tachycardia, catecholaminergic polymorphic ventricular tachycardia (CPVT), heart failure, sudden cardiac death and exercise-induced sudden cardiac death.

31-32. (Canceled)

- 33. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 29, wherein the effective amount of the agent is one or more of:
 - (a) from about 5 mg/kg/day to about 20 mg/kg/day,
 - (b) an amount resulting in a plasma concentration of from about $0.02\mu M$ to about $1.0\mu M$ in the subject, or

(c) an amount resulting in a plasma concentration of from about 300 ng/ml to about 1000 ng/ml in the subject.

- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 29, wherein the agent is selected from the group consisting of S7, S20, S27, and S36.
- 35. (Original) The method of claim 34, wherein the agent is S36.
- 36.-42. (Canceled)
- 43. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 29, wherein the subject is a human.
- 44.-46. (Canceled)
- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 13, wherein R₁ = OR' at position 3 on the phenyl ring.
- 48. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 13, wherein $R_2 = H$ and $R_3 = H$.
- 49. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 13, wherein R₄ = alkenyl, carboxylic acid, or an alkyl containing I or Br; and m = 0 or 1.
- 50. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 13, wherein $R_1 = OR'$ at position 3 on the phenyl ring; R' = alkyl; $R_2 = H$; $R_3 = H$; and $R_3 = 0$ or 1.
- 51. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 50, wherein R₄ = alkenyl, carboxylic acid, or an alkyl containing I or Br; and R' = methyl.
- 52. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 51, wherein m = 0; and $R_4 =$ alkenyl or carboxylic acid.
- 53. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 29, wherein $R_1 = OR'$ at position 3 on the phenyl ring.
- 54. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 29, wherein $R_2 = H$ and $R_3 = H$.

55. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 29, wherein R₄ = alkenyl, carboxylic acid, or an alkyl containing I or Br; and m = 0 or 1.

- 56. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 29, wherein R₁ = OR', at position 3 on the phenyl ring; R' = alkyl; R₂ = H'; R₃ = H; and m = 0 or 1.
- 57. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 56, wherein R₄ = alkenyl, carboxylic acid, or an alkyl containing I or Br; and R' = methyl.
- 58. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 57, wherein m = 0; and $R_4 =$ alkenyl or carboxylic acid.
- 59. (Currently Amended) A method for preventing treating cardiac arrhythmia in a subject, comprising administering an effective amount of an agent to the subject, wherein the agent is described by the formula:

$$R_1$$
 R_2
 R_3
 R_3
 R_3

wherein

R₁ = H, OR', SR', NR', alkyl, or halide, at position 2, 3, 4, or 5 on the phenyl ring;

R' = alkyl, aryl, or acyl;

 $R_2 = H$, alkyl, alkenyl, or aryl;

 $R_3 = H$, alkyl, alkenyl, or aryl;

 R_4 = H, halide, alkenyl, carboxylic acid, or an alkyl containing halogen, O[[,]] or S[[,]] of

N; and

m = 0, 1, or 2.

60. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 59, wherein the effective amount of the

agent is one or more of:

- (a) from about 5 mg/kg/day to about 20 mg/kg/day,
- (b) an amount resulting in a plasma concentration of from about 0.02 μM to about 1.0 μM in the subject, or
- (c) an amount resulting in a plasma concentration of from about 300 ng/ml to about 1000 ng/ml in the subject.
- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 59, wherein the agent is S7, S20, S27, or
 S36.
- 62. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 59, wherein the agent is S36.
- 63. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 59, wherein the subject is a human.
- 64. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 59, wherein $R_1 = OR'$ at position 3 on the phenyl ring.
- 65. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 59, wherein R₂ = H and R₃ = H.
- 66. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 59, wherein R_4 = alkenyl, carboxylic acid, or an alkyl containing I or Br; and m = 0 or 1.
- 67. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 59, wherein $R_1 = OR'$ at position 3 on the phenyl ring; R' = alkyl; $R_2 = H$; $R_3 = H$; and m = 0 or 1.
- 68. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 67, wherein R₄ = alkenyl, carboxylic acid, or an alkyl containing 1 or Br; and R' = methyl.
- 69. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 68, wherein m=0; and $R_4=$ alkenyl or carboxylic acid.